

To: Board of Trustees

From: Ryder Warren, Ed.D., Superintendent of Schools

Subject: June Investment Report

Date: August 13, 2018

**Background Information and Rationale:** All investments made by the District shall comply with the Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256, Subchapter A) and all federal, state, and local statutes, rules or regulations. Gov't Code 2256.026

#### Support of Strategic Goals:

- Students will achieve success through meaningful learning experiences, innovative pathways, and personalized opportunities.
- Northwest ISD will recruit, value, and retain exceptional staff to create a rewarding learning environment.
- Northwest ISD will create and foster an environment where all stakeholders are engaged in the transformational work of the NISD family.

## Budget and/or Fund Impact:

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Outlay Funds, and Totals (Memorandum Only) report activity for all funds through June, 2018 will be presented in October with the presentation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Audit (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

The Investment Report, prepared by the District's investment advisors, First Southwest Asset Management, Inc., encompasses the month ending June, 2018, and is submitted in accordance with the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act.

The following investments matured in June:

• \$15,000,000.00 Securities

One (General Operating)

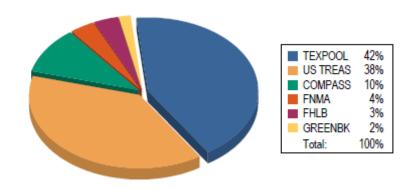
There were no purchases made in June.

Investments for the District's General Fund, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Internal Service Funds total \$289,011,113.00 as of June 30, 2018.

	Yield	
	to	
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Market Value</u>
General Fund	1.732%	\$112,922,118.34
Special Revenue Funds	1.751%	1,660,112.98
Debt Service Funds	1.893%	41,643,907.79
Capital Projects AFB Funds	1.811%	8,440,835.75
Capital Projects Funds	1.825%	124,344,138.14
Total	1.798%	\$289,011,113.00

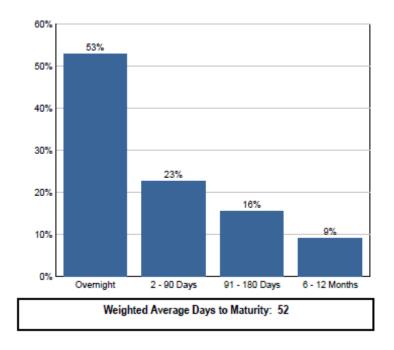
Board Policy states that, "The investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer."

#### Investment Instruments and Financial Institutions



Portfolio Composition by Security Type		<u>Portfolio Composi</u>	Portfolio Composition by Issuer	
Treasury	38%	Treasury	38%	
Local Government Investment Pool	42%	TexPool	42%	
Bank Deposit	10%	Compass	10%	
Agency Bullet	7%	FHLB	3%	
Agency Disco	0%	FNMA	4%	
Certificates of Deposit	2%	Greenbank	2%	

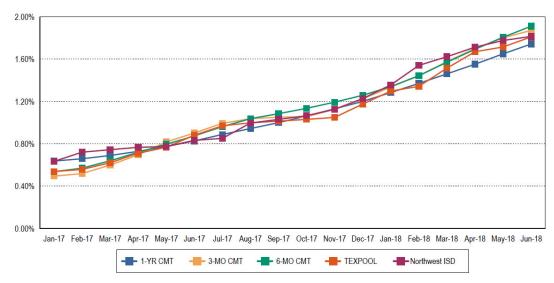
### Maturity Scheduling



### Maturity Schedule

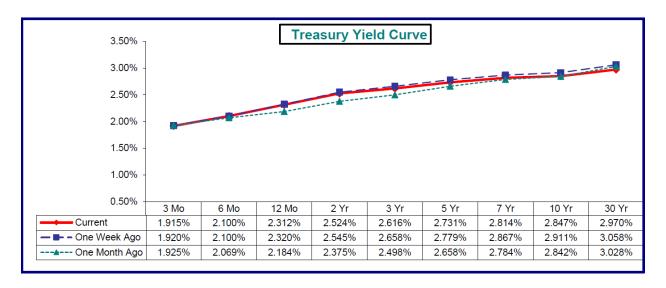
Overnight	53%	\$152,807,821.50
0-3 Months	23%	\$ 65,432,572.50
3 −6 Months	16%	\$ 44,849,745.00
6-12 Months	9%	\$ 25,920,974.00

# Benchmark Comparison



Note 1: CMT stands for Constant Maturity Treasury. This data is published in Federal Reserve Statistical Release H.15 and represents an average of all actively traded Treasury securities having that time remaining until maturity. This is a standard industry benchmark for Treasury securities. The CMT benchmarks are moving averages. The 3-month CMT is the daily average for the previous 3 months, the 6-month CMT is the daily average for the previous 6 months, and the 1-year and 2-year CMTs are the daily averages for the previous 12-months.

Note 2: Benchmark data for TexPool is the monthly average yield.



TexPool Monthly Newsletter: July 2018

Economic and Market Commentary: No more normal? July 1, 2018

For the Federal Reserve over the last  $2\frac{1}{2}$  years, business as normal has been the business of normalizing policy. It looks as if the Fed has finally shifted to tightening.

In mid-June, it raised rates to a target range of 1.75-2%, closer than the Fed has been in more than a decade to its comfort zone. With its summary of economic projections now indicating two more hikes in 2018 (our house call, as well) and three in 2019, quantitative tapering (QT) set to expand to \$40 billion per month in July and Chair Jerome Powell's upbeat assessment of the economy, it appears expansionary policy will soon run its course. We likely are near a bona-fi de tightening cycle.

In addition to gushing about the economy, Powell announced that starting in July, he would be holding press conferences after every Federal Open Market Committee meeting instead of every other one. This is the culmination of years of trying to make the Fed's decision-making transparent, a far cry from its tradition of keeping monetary policy a secret. Powell's reasoning is that the markets have stopped even considering rate action in meetings when he doesn't speak. That is true, but the extra pressers could result in occasional unintentional transmitting of information. Case in point: June's hike. While the committee simply indicated it expected to issue two more 25 basis-point increases this year, Powell painted that info a hawkish hue by using the word "great" to describe the economy when speaking to the press. As the Fed tightens, hikes will become more and more critical and Fedspeak more and more scrutinized because too many hikes might precipitate a recession. The "plain-spoken" Powell will need to choose his words carefully.

In June, the 1-month London interbank offered rate (Libor) rose from 1.98% to 2.09%; 3-month increased from 2.31% to 2.34%; and 6-month rose from 2.47% to 2.50%. The bump in the short end made floating-rate securities attractive for cash managers. The prime space saw a substantial supply of these and other short-term instruments, such as commercial and bank paper, and even Treasuries fit because of their still attractive yields on elevated supply. The spread between 3-month Libor and the Overnight Index Swap (OIS) remained wide in the month, not due to poor bank credit but excess short-term Treasury issuance from the Treasury Department and supply coming from Fed QT.

Earnings from Temporary Deposits and Investments are \$62,843.41 for June and \$2,775,309.28 year-to-date for all funds.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Month</u>	Year-To-Date
General Fund	\$ 162,843.41	\$1,535,538.28
Special Revenue Funds	0.00	19,240.78
Debt Service Funds	0.00	432,745.59
Capital Projects Funds	0.00	787,784.63
Total	\$ 62,843.41	\$2,775,309.28

Recommendation: Review the enclosed Financial and Investment Report.

Respectfully submitted,

Ryder Warren, Ed.D. Superintendent Jon Graswich, CPA
Deputy Superintendent for
Business & Operations

Brian Carter Chief Financial Officer